

**SULIT**



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN  
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI  
KEMENTERIAN PENGAJIAN TINGGI**

**JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN AWAM**

**PENILAIAN ALTERNATIF**

**SESI DIS 2020**

**DCB30102 : BUILDING TRANSPORTATION**

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**NAMA PENYELARAS KURSUS : ZURENA BINTI LEMEN**

**KAEDAH PENILAIAN : PEPERIKSAAN ONLINE**

**JENIS PENILAIAN : SOALAN ESEI (2 SOALAN)**

**TARIKH PENILAIAN : JULAI 2021**

**TEMPOH PENILAIAN : 1 JAM**

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**LARANGAN TERHADAP PLAGIARISM (AKTA 174)**

**PELAJAR TIDAK BOLEH MEMPLAGIAT APA-APA IDEA, PENULISAN, DATA ATAU CIPTAAN ORANG LAIN. PLAGIAT ADALAH SALAH SATU PENYELEWENGAN AKADEMIK. SEKIRANYA PELAJAR DIBUKTIKAN MELAKUKAN PLAGIARISM, PENILAIAN BAGI KURSUS BERKENaan AKAN DIMANSUHKAN DAN DIBERI GRED F DENGAN NILAI MATA 0.**

**(RUJUK BUKU ARAHAN-ARAHAH PEPERIKSAAN DAN KAEDAH PENILAIAN (Diploma) EDISI 6, JUN 2019, KLAUSA 17.3)**

**INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

**ARAHAN:**

*Bahagian ini mengandungi **DUA (2)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab semua soalan.*

**QUESTION 1****SOALAN 1**

CLO 1  
C3

- (a) Describe a hydraulic elevator.

*Huraikan lif hidraulik.*

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO 1  
C3

- (b) Explain FOUR (4) functions of travellator in airport building.

*Terangkan EMPAT (4) fungsi travelator di bangunan lapangan terbang .*

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO 1  
C3

- (c) Sketch the following types of escalator system arrangements.

*Lakarkan jenis susunatur sistem escalator berikut:*

- i) Criss- cross

*Selang – seli*

- ii) Parallel

*Selari*

- iii) Single in two direction

*Satu dalam dua arah*

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

**QUESTION 2****SOALAN 2**

CLO2

C4

- (a) A 30 – stories office block has a start time and ending time that is not consistent. Floor area of  $12000\text{m}^2$  and the ground floor is the density of residents is  $11\text{m}^2$  for each occupant. Room height is 2.4m. A group of 4 lifts will be used where each elevator has a car that can accommodate 22 peoples and the car speed is 3.0 m/s. Door width is 1.2m and the door opened with a speed of 0.5 m/s. Calculate the Round Trip Time (RTT) and analyze the quality of service.

*Sebuah bangunan pejabat 30 tingkat mempunyai masa mula dan berhenti yang tidak menentu. Keluasan lantai bangunan tersebut adalah  $12000\text{m}^2$  dan kepadatan bagi aras bawah untuk setiap pengguna adalah  $11\text{m}^2$ . Ketinggian bilik adalah 2.4m. Satu kumpulan 4 buah lif akan digunakan di mana setiap lif mempunyai kereta yang boleh memuatkan 22 orang dan kelajuan kereta adalah 3.0m/s. Lebar pintu adalah 1.2m dan kelajuan bukaan pintu adalah 0.5 m/s. Kirakan Pusingan Masa Perjalanan (RTT) dan Analisa kualiti perkhidmatan lif tersebut.*

[25 marks]

[25 markah]

**SOALAN TAMAT**

Formula:

$$\text{i. Peak demand in 5 minutes} = \frac{(\text{Floor area})(\% \text{ starting \& stopping time})}{(\text{Floor area per person})(100)}$$

with      Floor area per person = population density  
               % starting and stopping time = 17% for unified  
   = 12% for staggered

$$\text{ii. Car travel distance, } L = (\text{Room height} \times \text{Number of storey})$$

$$\text{iii. Load factor, } n = (80\% \times \text{Maximum capacity of car})$$

$$\text{iv. Probable number of stops, } S_1 = S - S \left( \frac{S-1}{S} \right)^n$$

with      S = maximum number of stops  
               n = 80% of maximum capacity of car

$$\text{v. Total upward journey time, } T_o = S_1 \left( \frac{L}{SV} + 2V \right)$$

with       $S_1$  = probable number of stops  
               L = car travel distance  
               S = maximum number of stops  
               V = car speed

$$\text{vi. Total downward journey time, } T_d = \left( \frac{L}{V} + 2V \right)$$

with      L = car travel distance  
               V = car speed

$$\text{vii. Door operating time, } T_o = 2(S_1 + 1) \left( \frac{W}{V_d} \right)$$

with       $S_1$  = probable number of stops  
               W = door width  
                $V_d$  = door speed

- viii. Total passenger transfer time,  $T_p = 2n$   
with  $n = 80\%$  of maximum capacity of car
- ix. Round trip time, RTT =  $(T_u + T_d + T_o + T_p)$   
with  $T_u$  = Total upward journey time  
 $T_d$  = Total downward journey time  
 $T_o$  = Door operating time  
 $T_p$  = Total passenger transfer time
- x. Interval =  $\frac{(\text{Round trip time})}{(\text{Number of cars})}$
- xi. Capacity of the group =  $\frac{(5 \text{ minutes} \times 60 \text{ seconds} \times \text{Number of cars} \times n)}{(\text{RTT})}$   
with  $n = 80\%$  of maximum capacity of car  
RTT = Round Trip Time