

SULIT



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN TINGGI**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN ELEKTRIK

**PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR
SESI DISEMBER 2017**

DEP5303 : MICROWAVE DEVICES

**TARIKH : 09 APRIL 2018
MASA : 8.30 PAGI - 10.30 PAGI (2 JAM)**

Kertas ini mengandungi **LAPAN (8)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Struktur (4 soalan)
Bahagian B: Esei (2 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : Formula dan 3 Helai Smith Chart

JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALANINI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

SULIT

SECTION A: 60 MARKS**BAHAGIAN A: 60 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi EMPAT (4) soalan berstruktur. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**CLO1
C1

- (a) State the types of electromagnetic radiation hazard.

Nyatakan jenis-jenis bahaya radiasi elektromagnetik.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (b) Explain an electromagnetic wave by using the image of electromagnetic waves, locate the place of electric field, magnetic field and wavelength.

Terangkan gelombang elektromagnetik dengan menggunakan imej gelombang elektromagnetik, letakkan kedudukan medan elektrik, medan magnet dan panjang gelombang.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO1
C2

- (c) Radiation exposure hazard is very dangerous especially to the general public.

*Explain THREE (3) basic ways of controlling exposure to harmful radiation.**Radiasi sangat berbahaya terutamanya kepada orang awam. Terangkan TIGA (3) cara asas untuk mengawal dari terdedah kepada bahaya radiasi.*

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**

CLO1

C2

- (a) Explain the types of propagation mode below :

Terangkan jenis mod perambatan di bawah:

- i. TEM Wave

Gelombang TEM

- ii. TM Wave

Gelombang TM

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

- (b) A waveguide, with dimension
- $a = 10 \text{ mm}$
- and
- $b = 7 \text{ mm}$
- , is to be used at 20 GHz for the dominant mode. If the guide is empty, calculate:

Sebuah pandu gelombang dengan dimensi $a = 10 \text{ mm}$ dan $b = 7 \text{ mm}$, digunakan pada 20GHz pada mod dominan. Jika pandu gelombang tersebut tidak berisi, kirakan:

- i. Free space wavelength,
- λ_0

Panjang gelombang bagi ruang bebas, λ_0

- ii. Cut-off wavelength,
- λ_c

Panjang gelombang potong, λ_c

- iii. Cut-off frequency,
- f_c

Frekuensi potong, f_c

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO1
C3

- (c) A TE₁₁ wave is propagating through a circular waveguide. The diameter of the guide is 9.5 cm and the guide is air-filled. Calculate :

Gelombang TE₁₁ ini terambat melalui pandu gelombang bulat. Diameter pandu gelombang adalah 9.5 cm dan berisi udara. Kirakan:

- i. Cut-off frequency, f_c

Frekuensi potong, f_c

- ii. Wavelength in the guide for frequency of 5 GHz, λ_g

Panjang gelombang pandu pada frekuensi 5GHz, λ_g

- iii. Characteristic impedance, $Z_o(TE)$

Galangan ciri, $Z_o(TE)$

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

QUESTION 3

SOALAN 3

CLO2
C2

- (a) Based on Figure A3(a), identify the normalized values plotted as Z_1 , Z_2 and Z_3 .

Merujuk kepada Rajah A3(a), tentukan nilai-nilai ternormal yang terplot, Z_1 , Z_2 dan Z_3 .

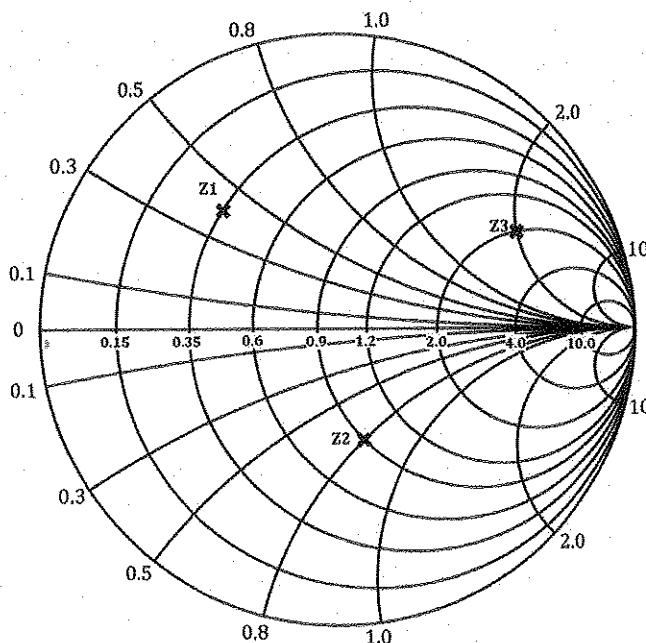


Figure A3(a) / Rajah A3(a)

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO2
C3

- (b) Based on Figure A3(b), calculate the value of :
Merujuk kepada Rajah A3 (b), kirakan nilai bagi:

- i. Load Impedance Z_L , if $Z_0 = 100\Omega$

Galangan Beban Z_L , jika $Z_0 = 100\Omega$

- ii. Voltage Standing Wave Ratio, VSWR (dB)

Nisbah Gelombang Voltan Pegun, VSWR (dB)

- iii. Reflection Coefficient, Γ

Pekali Pantulan, Γ

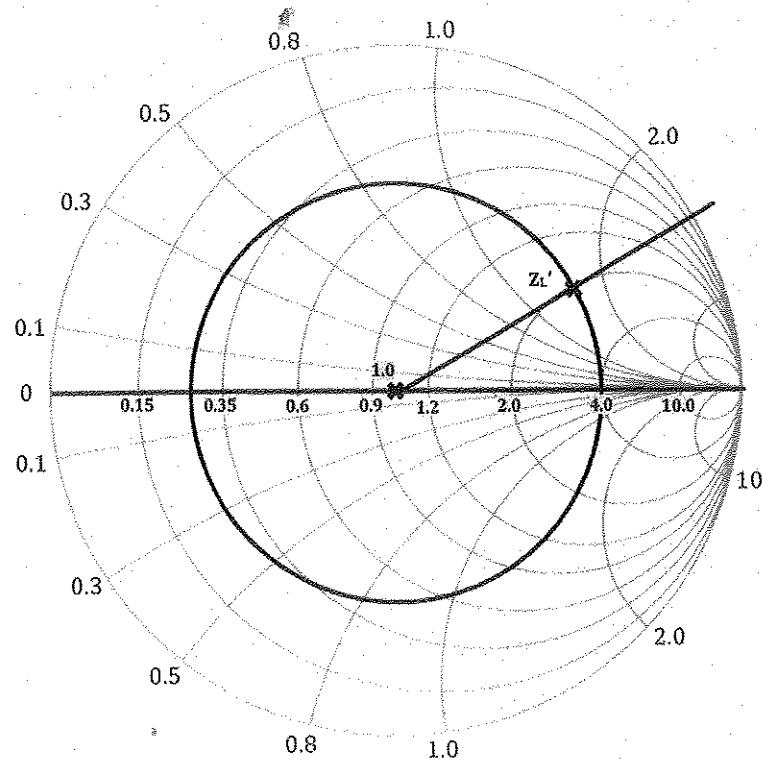


Figure A3(b) / Rajah A3(b)

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

CLO2
C3

- (c) Illustrate and completely label the diagram of microwave measurement system.
Lukiskan dan labelkan dengan lengkap gambarajah blok sistem pengukuran gelombang mikro.

[6 marks]

[6 markah]

QUESTION 4**SOALAN 4**

CLO1

C1

- (a) List THREE (3) microwave sources for semiconductor type.

Senaraikan TIGA (3) sumber gelombang mikro dari jenis semikonduktor.

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO1

C2

- (b) Microwave sources are divided into two types. Identify the types of microwave source and determine TWO (2) examples for each type.

Sumber gelombang mikro dibahagikan kepada dua jenis. Kenalpasti jenis sumber gelombang mikro tersebut dan tentukan DUA (2) contoh bagi setiap jenis.

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1

C3

- (c) A parabolic reflector with diameter of 2.5 m is used to transmit power of 15 W using a feeder operating at 7.5 GHz and an antenna aperture efficiency of 65%. Calculate:

Sebuah pemantul parabola berdiameter 2.5 m digunakan untuk memancarkan kuasa sebanyak 15 W dengan menggunakan penyuap yang beroperasi pada 7.5 GHz dan mempunyai kecekapan apertue antena sebanyak 65%. Kirakan;

- i. Wavelength of the signal, λ

Panjang gelombang isyarat, λ

- ii. Beamwidth of the antenna, θ

Lebar pemancar antena, θ

- iii. Effective aperture area, A_e

Kawasan aperture berkesan, A_e

- iv. Antenna gain, G

Peningkatan antena, G

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

SECTION B: 40 MARKS**BAHAGIAN B: 40 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of TWO (2) essay questions. Answer ALL questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan eseai. Jawab SEMUA soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

CLO2
C3

A rectangular waveguide with dimension of 6.04 cm x 4.04 cm and an inner thickness of 0.02cm is used to propagate a 3GHz signal in dominant mode. Calculate the cut off frequency (f_c), guide wavelength (λ_g), velocity inside waveguide (V_g), phase velocity (V_p) and characteristic impedance ($Z_{0(TE)}$).

Sebuah pandu gelombang segi empat dengan dimensi dalaman 6.04 cm x 4.04 cm dan ketebalan dalaman 0.02cm digunakan untuk merambat isyarat pada 3GHz di dalam mod dominan. Kirakan frekuensi potong (f_c), panjang gelombang pandu (λ_g), halaju dalam pandu gelombang (V_g), halaju fasa (V_p) dan galangan ciri ($Z_{0(TE)}$).

[20 marks]

[20 markah]

QUESTION 2**SOALAN 2**

CLO2
C4

A load impedance $Z_L = 30 + j75\Omega$ is connected to a line that has a characteristic impedance, $Z_0 = 75\Omega$. By using Smith Chart, relate the position of normalized load impedance, VSWR(S), angle of reflection (θ), reflection coefficient (r), admittance load (Y_L) and input impedance (Z_{IN}) when the transmission line is 0.07λ from load.

Galangan beban $Z_L = 30 + j75\Omega$ disambung kepada talian yang mempunyai galangan ciri $Z_0 = 75\Omega$. Dengan menggunakan Carta Smith, kaitkan kedudukan galangan beban ternormal, VSWR(S), sudut pantulan (θ), pekali pantulan (r), nilai lepasan (Y_L) dan galangan masukan (Z_{IN}) apabila talian penghantaran adalah 0.07λ dari beban.

[20 marks]

[20 markah]

SOALAN TAMAT

FORMULA FOR DEP5303 MICROWAVE DEVICES

$$c = \lambda f = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$\epsilon_o = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$$

$$\mu_o = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

$$v_c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_o \epsilon_r \mu_o \mu_r}}$$

$$Z = 377 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\epsilon_r}} (\Omega)$$

$$\lambda_c = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{b}\right)^2}}$$

$$\lambda_c = \frac{\pi d}{S_{mn}}$$

$$f_c = \frac{c}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{m}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n}{b}\right)^2}$$

$$f_c = \frac{c S_{mn}}{\pi d}$$

$$\lambda_g = \frac{\lambda_o}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_o}{\lambda_c}\right)^2}} = \frac{\lambda_o}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f_o}\right)^2}}$$

$$v_p = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_o}{\lambda_c}\right)^2}} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f_o}\right)^2}}$$

$$v_g = c \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_o}{\lambda_c}\right)^2} = c \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f_o}\right)^2}$$

$$Z_{o(TB)} = \frac{377}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_o}{\lambda_c}\right)^2}} = \frac{377}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f_o}\right)^2}}$$

$$Z_{o(TM)} = 377 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda_o}{\lambda_c}\right)^2} = 377 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{f_c}{f_o}\right)^2}$$

$$|\Gamma| = \frac{Z_L - Z_o}{Z_L + Z_o}$$

$$VSWR = \frac{1 + |\Gamma|}{1 - |\Gamma|}$$

$$A(\text{watt}) = e^{\alpha z} \text{ where } \alpha = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_c}$$

$$A(\text{dB}) = \frac{54.5z}{\lambda_c}$$

$$\text{front to back ratio} = \frac{\text{front lobe power}}{\text{back lobe power}}$$

$$\text{front to side ratio} = \frac{\text{front lobe power}}{\text{side lobe power}}$$

$$\text{Beam width (parabolic)} = \frac{70\lambda}{d}$$

$$\text{Beam width (horn)} = \frac{80\lambda}{W}$$

$$G_R(\text{dB}) = 10 \log \frac{4\pi k A}{\lambda^2}$$

$$G_T(\text{dB}) = 10 \log \frac{4\pi \eta A}{\lambda^2}$$

$$P_T = P_R G$$

Bassel Equation's Schedule for Circular Waveguide:

Mode	S_{mn}	Mode	S'_{mn}
TE ₀₁	3.832	TM ₀₁	2.405
TE ₁₁	1.841	TM ₁₁	3.832
TE ₂₁	3.050	TM ₂₁	5.136
TE ₀₂	7.016	TM ₀₂	5.520
TE ₁₂	5.330	TM ₁₂	7.016
TE ₂₂	6.710	TM ₂₂	8.420